

EPIMIX⁺ PBT/R-PET GX0 30 NC Q1D0B801

Polybutylene Terephthalate / Recycle Polyethylene Terephthalate

Technical Data Sheet

Material Information: Flame retardant EPIMIX⁺ PBT/R-PET, reinforced with 30% of glass fiber, heat stabilized and lubricated for injection moulding. This grade contains %16 post consumer recycled PET polymer.

Notes: It is a halogen and phosphorus free flame retardant grade, in compliance with RoHS derivatives, with rating UL94 V0 and glow-wire at 960°C, used in many sectors of industries. EPIMIX+ PBT/R-PET is a sustainable product with excellent mechanical properties.

This material is available in natural and other colors on request.

| Properties | Test Method | Unit | Value |
|--|---|---|--|
| Physical properties | | | Dry |
| Density (23°C) Mold shrinkage- parallel/normal (2mm) | ISO 1183 ISO 294-4 | g/cm³ % | 1,56 0,3/0,9 |
| Mechanical properties | | | |
| Tensile modulus (1mm/min) (23°C) Tensile stress at break (5mm/min) (23°C) Tensile strain at break (5mm/min) (23°C) Flexural modulus (2mm/min) (23°C) Flexural strength (2mm/min) (23°C) Notched izod impact (23°C) Unnotched izod impact (23°C) Unnotched charpy impact (23°C) | ISO 527-2 ISO 527-2 ISO 527-2 ISO 178 ISO 178 ISO 180/1A ISO 180/1U ISO 179/1eA ISO 179/1eU | MPa MPa % MPa MPa kJ/m² kJ/m² kJ/m² kJ/m² | 12000 100 2 9500 165 6 40 7 45 |
| Thermal properties | | | |
| Melting point (10°K/min) Temp. of deflection under load (0,45 MPa) Temp. of deflection under load (1,80 MPa) | ISO 11357/1-/3 ISO 75-2/B ISO 75-2/A | °C °C | 255 215 205 |
| Flammability & electrical properties | | | |
| Flammability classification (0,8mm) - UL 94 Glow wire flammability index - GWFI (0,8 mm) Glow wire ignition temperature - GWIT (0,8 mm) Comparative tracking index - CTI (Solution A) Surface resistivity Flammability UL 94 / 5 V | EN 60695-11-10 EN 60695-2-12 EN 60695-2-13 EN 60112 ASTM D257 EN 60695-11-20 | - °C °C V Ω/sq - | V0 960 750 500 1,00E+13 5VA |

Test conditions

Laboratory conditions are 23 $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C and 45-55 % RH.

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EPIMIX⁺ **PBT/R-PET GRADES PROCESSING CONDITIONS**

Injection moulding of EPIMIX⁺ PBT/R-PET

EPIMIX⁺ PBT/R-PET is easy to mould material, with a very wide processing window.

A few general guidelines are given here.

Pre-drying

EPIMIX* PBT/R-PET is hygroscopic and moisture sensitive, so predrying is recommended as a matter of rule. Material that is not predried to a moisture level below 0,1 % will degrade, causing surface defects, parts that are out of dimension and brittle parts. It is recommended to dry material for 4 hours at 120°C to 130°C in a desiccant dryer with more than one desiccant element.

A few tips to ensure proper operation of the dryer:

- * Ensure the thermocouple that regulates the temperature is placed immediately before the entry of the air into the dryer. There can be a significant temperature drop in the air-conveyance system.
- * The temperature of the air going out of the dryer silo should not be more than 30°C lower than the air entering the system. If this is the case, you have insufficient air capacity.
- * From time to time, monitor the dew point of the dry air to ensure the desiccant elements are functioning properly.
- * Often, less air runs through the very bottom part of a dryer silo. Therefore, it is recommended that you take the material out of the bottom of the dryer and feed back into the top when you start up your process.

Moulding temperatures

EPIMIX⁺ PBT/R-PET can be processed between 220 and 270°C, depending on the grade used.

The following barrel settings are recommended:

| Material | Zone 1 (Hopper) | Zone 2 | Zone 3 | Zone 4 (Nozzle) |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|
| Unfilled Grades | 230-240°C | 235-250°C | 235-250°C | 240-260°C |
| Impact M. Grades | 220-235°C | 225-240°C | 225-240°C | 235-255°C |
| Flame Ret. Grades | 220-230°C | 225-240°C | 230-245°C | 235-260°C |
| Reinforced Grades | 235-260°C | 240-260°C | 250-265°C | 260-270°C |

Tool temperature

Mould temperature is always a compromise. On the one hand, tool temperature should be as a high as possible to give optimum crystallization and dimensional, optimal surface finish and optimal mechanical performance. On the other hand, lower tool temperature can significantly cut cycle time. For EPIMIX $^+$ PBT/R-PET, 80°C should be maintained as a minimum. For different grades values of 90-110°C are preferred.

Pressure and speed

Injection pressure should generally be around 70 to 100 Mpa; this results in a minimum clamping force of the moulding machine in tonnes of 0,7 times the projected surface area in cm².

Holding pressure is generally in the area of 80 Mpa.

For glassfibre reinforced compounds, the screw speed should be kept low, a rough indication is as follows:

| Screw diameter (mm) | Maximum rpm | |
|---------------------|-------------|--|
| 20 | 100 | |
| 30 | 95 | |
| 40 | 70 | |
| 50 | 60 | |
| 60 | 50 | |
| 70 | 40 | |
| 80 | 35 | |
| >80 | 30 | |

Back pressure should be kept to a practical minimum.

Use of regrind

Regrind sprues and runners can be used on most materials. It is not recommended to use regrind on FR grades. When regrind is used, observe these simple rules:

- * Use a constant ratio of regrind and virgin material. When a material has been processed once, its viscosity and fibre length have been decreased. Using varying rations of regrind can lead to variations in dimensions, mechanical performance and processing characteristics.
- * Either feed the regrind straight back into the machine or pre-dry the regrind before usage.
- * Store regrind in a dry, clean place to avoid contamination and excess moisture.
- * Ensure sharp cutting blades to keep dust generation to a minimum; cut glass fibre reinforced material when it is still hot.
- * Clean the grinder regularly to avoid build up of dust.
- * Do not use splayed, discoloured or degraded parts and runners.

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